# POLITICS IN STATE.

To Choose Candidate for the House of Delegates-The Meeting Endorses Tyler for the United States

ONANCOCK, VA., July 31 - (Special.)-A large crowd of Democrats of the bands of insurgents, continuing a bushsponse to a call of the county chairman, Dr. John W. Bowdoin, for the purpose of devising a method of selecting a cised." candidate of the party for the House of Delegates. A resolution was offered by senator LeCate providing for a primary election on the 15th of August, and that all who voted for Hon. W. A. Jones for congressman at his last election should be allowed to vote.

N. B. Wescott moved to amend the

N. B. Wescott offered the following substitute: "That the Democrats of Accomac in mass-meeting assembled American side.

The United States transport Grant sailoffice of United States senator for Virginia. The substitute prevailed by quite a transport Grant sailoff the United States to-day, having on board 481 men of the Idaho regiment, on board 481 men of the Idaho regiment, and the Warming regiment.

The substitute prevailed by quite a

John H. Wise ex-Sheriff of the county, and Hon. S. W. Matthews have each made formal announcement of their candidacy for the nomination at the primary for the House of Delegates.

THE LYNCHBURG PRIMARY,

#### An Interesting Contest for Sena origit Nomination.

LYNCHBURG, VA., July 3L-(Special.) The primary election, held te-day to decide who should be the Democratic nomi- struck nee for State senator to represent the city of Lynchburg and Campbell county, proved an intensely interesting contest. The vote was by far the largest cast in a primary election in this city for years, aggregating 1.628. The contestants were Carter Glass, editor of the News, and Don P. Helsey, a nephew of Senator Daniel, Mr. Halsey made a house-to-house canvass, while Mr. Glass declind to enter personally into the contest. Mr. Gla won the fight by a majority of 158 vote

#### BURROWS ON PHILIPPINE WAR. Situation and Outlook Bad for the Republican Party.

WASHINGTON, July 31 .- Senator Bur-Post reporter this afternoon, said:

It is my judgment that if the war in the Philippines is still in progress next year, and the end is not then in sight, the situation will be to the disadvantage of the Republican party. The only hope for the party, and the country, I might in the Philippines. Unless the war in the Philippines speedily ends, it will become an important political factos, and its continuance will make the outlook We would have simply taken a coaling station or a base of supplies in the Island of Luzon; we would not have paid Inding new markets for our people, who are the greatest producers the world has ever known, and the Orient doubless offers a great opportunity. No one knows what possibilities are afforded in China, which seems now to be staggering to her fall. If there is to be a development in that direction I certainly want the fall. If there is to be a development in that direction I certainly want the United States to have a share. At the same time we must not lose sight of the fact that we might run counter at any moment to England, France, or Germany. and I believe that England, now appa rently so friendly, will strike us th moment we cross her threshold. More than this, I say frankly, that if our par-ticipation in the eastern trade is to be purchased at the cost of an indefinite in the Philippines, we will pay wery large price for what we are getting How would you meet the present sit-

PRESIDENT ACTING WISELY, in The President is acting wisely, in my opinion, in endeavoring to restore peace and order in the Philippines by sending an increased army to assist General Otis. It is to be sincerely hoped that the fresh It is to be sincerely hoped that the au-troops will be able to establish the au-thority of the United States. We must remember, however, that although we have now been fighting some time, we have conquered a territory only about fifty miles to the south, a mere bagatelle compared with the immense area of the archipelago. If the additional troops sent to General Otis cannot restore order, Congress will have to deal with the problem, and ought to have, by the lat of December, some definite information upon which to act. For the present, I hope the President will continue his effort to end the trouble, and that his effort will be crowned with success. Victory for the Republican party next year will be made more certain by the success of our arms in the Philippines."

"You would not now abandon the Phil-I do not see how we can get away w," said the Schater, "We cannot sur-Pender our ships to Aguinaldo and say to him that he can murder our soldiers. Now that we have commenced, the only Now that we have confident as soon as possible. After that is done, the question of the disposition of the islands or their permanent retention lesis with the people and with Congress."

### THE WAR IN THE PHILIPPINES. One Hundred Thousand Troops Need.

ed by November 1st. SAN FRANCISCO, July 31 .- An officer of one of the volunteer regiments in the Philippines has written the following

letter to the Associated Press: "Manila.-The arrival of the rainy sea son finds the insurrection vigorous, as it has been since the commencement. The insurgent armies are well recruited, notwithstanding-their heavy losses, and are well fed and clothed. They have profited by their five months of warfare against the Americans. They are fast adopting American tactics, and are becoming bet-ter disciplined and more skilful in the use of their weapons. One hundred thousand soldiers should be here ready for business by the beginning of the dry sea-Garrisons could the be stationed at strategic points. ous warfare cannot be carried on in this enervating climate by the same troops. Frequent reliefs are necessary Troops should not be kept here longer than a year. Men from a northern climate retain their native vigor for six or eight mouths after arrival here, and then begin to succumb to the various altments of tropical weather. This is exemplified in the case of volunteers and regulars who have been in the Philippines since last summer. The most of them are saturated with malaria, many have rhousely matism, and all are grantly cavillated. matism, and all are greatly debilitated They are unfit for further duty, and redebilltated

AN ILLUSTRATION. "The \$,602,000 people of the Philippines Loan Ass are as highly civilized as the 12,009,000 of Alabama.

ation seems slow and unsatisfactory it is with them, so it is likely to b

the American people United States to acquired Mexico against her will, and to be engaged in an attempt to put down a universal rebellion of Maxicans with 23. OF ACCOMAC.

OF ACCOMAC.

OF ACCOMAC.

A PRIMARY ELECTION ORDERED Maxical and the climate of the Philippines is from 10 to 15 degrees more tropical than that of Mexica."

A DIFFERENT PICTURE. CHICAGO, July 31.-Lieutenant Edward Celley, of the Volunteer Signal Corps, who has just returned from Manila, is in

this city, visiting friends, en route for his home, at Carrington, N. D. Lieutenant Kelley said: "The newspaper stories have been greatly exagge-rated. There is no organized rebellion in the islands at this time. There are a few county assembled at the court-house to wacking warfare, but there is not a band of Filipinos in the islands which will a stand against American tro General Otis has been unjustly criti-

# FILIPINOS ATTACK CALAMBA.

Encounter With Insurgent Force on Island of Negros.

MANILA, July 31,-6:50 P. M.-After concentrating their forces for two days, yard. The yard would, however, be the Filipinos yesterday morning attacked quarantined.

rebel force. The latter lost eighteen men There were no casualties on the

274 of the Wyoming regiment, OTIS'S REPORT.

WASHINGTON, July 31.-General Otis's report to the War Department of the efforts of the Filipinos to retake Calamba, chronicied in the news dispatches, fol-

"Manila-Adjutant-General, Washington: Insurgents in considerable force appeared vicinity Calamba yesterday; were punished and driven off by Hall. Our casualties, one killed, seven wound-ed. Captain Simpson, Sixth Infantry, struck robber band in Negros, 28th instant, killing nineteen. No casualtie (Signed)

#### GREAT STORM IN SAN DOMINGO. Figuereo Accepts the Presidency of the Republic.

FORT DE FRANCE, July 31.-News is arriving slowly, owing to the occurrence in Santo Domingo on Friday last of a violent hurricane, which caused immense damage. Three large schooners which were in the roadstead at Santo Domingo were wrecked, and only one man of the crews of the three vessels was saved. After striking Santo Domingo the hurricase moved to the northeast, devastating the country between Santo Domingo and Coury, forty-four miles from the capital. The telegraph lines suffered heavily, and rows, of Michigan, in an interview with a great damage was done along the sea-

The latest advices from Santo Domingo report that General Figuereo, the Vice-President, urged by a number of his friends, has accepted the presidency, promising to retain the present Conservative the disease will reach this city. It full responsibility and power.

Calmness prevails through the country,

and a feeling of stupor caused by the tragic death of President Heureaux. Only gans of the government are increasing in REVOLUTION TO-DAY OR TO-MOR-ROW.

western portion of the republic has de-clared in favor of Jiminez, and he is the candidate for the presidency throughout the rest of the country.

# SAMPSON LIBELS MARIA TERESA.

Makes Claim on Account of Santiago Fight-Schley's Position.

WASHINGTON, July 31.-Rear-Admiral W. T. Sampson has filed a suit in the Supreme Court of the District, libelling the Spanish vessel-of-war, Maria Teresa, and miscellaneous stores and supplies cap-tured upon her and other Spanish war In his suit he claims that in his own behalf and also in the behalf of all the officers and enlisted men of the United States naval force who took part in the naval engagement off Santiago de Cuba on July 3, 1858, and in captures made subabout by law permitted on behalf of the United agatelle | States, he brings this libel against all persons claiming any interest in the prize

Admiral Sampson says that the fleet of the United States was acting under his immediate command as commander-in-chief; that Commodore Winfield Schley was the commanding officer of a division of the fleet under his orders, and that Captain French E. Chadwick was fleet captain or chief of staff. He enumerates the vessels composing the fleet. He recites the capture of the Spanish vessels, and says that the captured property has been or will be surveyed as prizes and inventoried, adding: "This will show that prizes are worth \$700,000 over and above the cost of recovery."

# HURT IN A RUNAWAY.

Will Not Allow Their Horses to Trot.

ONANCOCK, VA., July 21 .- (Special.)-W. S. Mills, an old and respected citizen of this town and father of Mr. Charles Mills, of Baltimore, was quite seriously injured by a runaway horse to-day. Mr. Mills was dragged quite a distance by the frightened animal.

The Breeders' and Trotters' Association of the Eastern Shore have declined in a published statement to allow their to trot at the Keller Fair at the present premiums offered by that association. It is said that the Fair Committee refused to raise the premiums, and in consequence these horsemen will not attend that fair.

# TO RECRUIT IN VIRGINIA.

Captain A. C. Carson Detailed on This Duty-Headquarters Here.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July M .- (Special.)-Captain A. C. Carson, of Front Royal, Va., who was appointed to the Twenty-eighth United States Volunteer Infantry, now being organized at Camp Meade, Pa., has been detailed on recruit-ing service in Virginis. He will leave to-morrow for Righmond, and will make his headquarters at the United States recruiting office there Captain Carson commanded a company

in the Fourth Virginia Regiment during the war with Spain, and is a most effi-

Receiver for Building Association. MOBILE, ALA., July 31.—Upon appli-cation of Louis Foster, of Mobile, Chan-cellor Thomas H. Smith to-day appointed James K. Glennop, of this city, receiver of the New York Nrtional Building and oan Assock fon for all its assets in

(CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.)

here this morning was crowded with pas-

Speaking of the situation, General Speaking of the situation, General Stermberg said to-day:

"The matter of dealing with the epidemic will be entirely in the hands of the Marine Hospital Service, but, of course, we shall co-operate in any way possible. I shall ask to have a yellowfever expert sent to Fort Monroe for the protection of the army interests there."

General Sternberg said he had no theories to advance as to the origin of the outbreak. He has requested that Acting Assistant Surgeon Seaton Norman be detailed for service at Fort Monroe. Surgeon-General VanReypen, of the navy, also declined to discuss the origin Asked if he did not of the outbreak. think it night be due to the presence of the old Spanish ship Reina Mercedes at the Norfolk navy-yard, he replied emilly in the negative.

Dr. VanReypen said that he did not believe it would be necessary to sus-pend operations at the Norfolk navy-

The iron-clad monitors Terror and Purifor W. J. Bryan for President should vote in the primary.

The amendment was accepted and the resolution was passed. Mr. N. W. Nock introduced a supplementary resolution was passed for an expression by the people at the primary election of their preference for a candidate of the party for United States senator.

The amendment was accepted and the Filipinos were driven off, carrying away their dead and wounded. The Americans lost two men killed and six wounded. It is also quite well understood that in such emergency the Navy Department pays little heed to quarantine regulations, and would not hesitate to send the ships out, but of the party for United States senator.

### Nature of Yellow-Fever.

(Washington Star.) Yellow-fever is described by the medical authorities as an acute, specific, infections, contagious, paroxysmal, malignant fever, occurring mainly in sub-tropical re-gions, and characterized by three stagesthe febrile, the remission, and the col-lapse. The poison of the disease is de-stroyed by frost. The period of incuba-tion is from one to fourteen days. The onset is sudden, the temperature high. There is a tendency to hemorrhage from the nose, mouth kidneys, or stomach, and the nose, mouth, kidneys, or stomach, and the skin and conjunctivae acquiresa yellow tint, or even a deep olive or ma-hogany color. One attack of the disease protects against subsequent seizures, and negroes display a peculiar immunity to

Yellow-fever does not develop in high altitudes, and rarely spreads in places or above 1,000 feet above the sea lev The disease is undoubtedly a germ dis ease, although to the majority of ease, atthough to the medical profession, that fact has not yet, medical profession, that fact has not yet, perhaps, been definitely demonstrated. Persons of middle age are said to be most generally attacked, and in over 900 cases referred to by one authority 50 per were of persons between 60 and 80 years of age.

### RICHMOND HAS QUARANTINED. Steps Taken to Put the City in a

Sanitary Condition. The news that there was yellow-fever

at Hampton created the most profound interest in Richmond yesterday.

It had the call over politics as a topic of conversation, and everybody talked it. Wherever two men were together Yellow ratively close at hand was pretty sure

to be the topic.

There has not been any real fear that mising to retain the present Conservative ministry in office. Pending the meeting of Congress, General Figuereo will assume appearance, as occurred during the tetrible epidemic in Norfolk in 1855, blx no case developed here then, and the doc-tors are confident none can develop here

in the environs of Moca is the agitation caused by the assassins and their friends apparent, and it is said that the partiand city boards of health have declared Hampton, Phoebus, and Old Point within a quarantine beit. All trains to those

Information regarding the existence of yellow-fever at Hampton was first received in Richmond by Governor Tyler Sunday night. At 10:20 o'clock he received the following telegram from the health officer of Newport News;

"Newport News, Va., July 39, 1899.

"Governor J. Hoge Tyler, Richmond, Va.: "Thirty cases yellow-fever diagnosed Soldiers' Home. Three deaths to-day, Authorities quarantined this evening, No cases outside home. Origin probably old soldier. Write fully to-morrow.

"SAMUEL W. HOBSON."

The Governor at once called up Mayor Taylor and informed him of the contents of the telegram, and gave the same information to the Mayor of Petersburg. He tried to get Mayor Johnston, of Norfolk, to the 'phone to impart the news to him, but was unsuccessful. The Governor also called up Dr. Paulus A. Irving, sections of the State Board of Health, and also called up Dr. Paulus A. Irving, sec retary of the State Board of Health, and informed him of the contents of the tele-

QUARANTINE BY STATE BOARD. Early yesterday morning Dr. Irving called a meeting of the board, at which were present besides himself Drs. Landon B. Edwards and Hugh M. Taylor, the members from this city. The necessity of taking steps to prevent the infection reaching this city was fully realized, and reaching this city was fully realized, and as a result of the meeting the board declared a quarantine against Hampton, Phoebus, and old Point. The board sent out the following notice to Chesapeake and Ohio ratiway officials:

"To the General Passenger and Freight Agents Chesapeake and Ohio Railway,

Richmond, Va.;
"Dear Sirs.—It having come to the knowledge of the State Board of Health that yellow-fever is now prevailing to an alarming extent at the Soldiers Home, Hampton, Va., at a neeting of the said board, held this list day of July, 1809, according to the power vested in the State Board of Health by section 1724 of the Code of Virginia you are hereby en-Richmond, Va. Board of Health by section 132 of the Code of Virginia, you are hereby enjoined and ordered not to run any trains, freight or passenger, further east than Newport News, and not to bring from or carry passengers or freight east of this point until further orders of said board. "By order of the State Board of Health. (Signed) "PAULUS A. IRVING. (Signed) "PAULUS A. IRVING, "Secretary and Executive Officer."

THE CITY ALSO QUARANTINES. Dr. Oppenhimer, the Richmond health officer, declared a quarantine against the oregoing places. Dr. Oppenhimer does not think there is any probability whatever of the disease appearing in this city. During the Norfolk epidemic of 1855 one or two persons suffering with the fever came to Richmond, but no case origi-nated here. The health of Richmond is said by Dr. Oppenhimer to be better now than it has been for years.

HEALTH COMMITTEE ACTS PROMPT-LY.

At a meeting of the Health Committee of the City Council last night several steps looking to the prevention of the disease reaching Richmond were taken-The most important action of the co mittee was the adoption of a motion re questing the press to call upon the citizens of Richmond to make the most strenuous efforts to have all their pre mises put in perfect sanitary condition. This action was taken after Dr. Oppen-heimer, President of the Board of Health, had advised the committee that there was no great danger from the disease in

a clean city.

The committee also instructed the clerk to convey to the Chief of Police a request that he order every officer on day duty to see that all premises on his beat were in a thoroughly sanitary condition. Chairman Hobson, of the committee, is-

Dr. Opponhimor made a lengthy state-ment, at the request of the committee. He said that immediately upon receipt of the news of the fever at Hampton, he had consulted with General-Superintend-ent Doyle and Chief-Surgeon Brock, of the Chesapeake and Ohio Railway Company. Chesapeake and Ohio Railway Company. These gentlemen had expressed them-selves as being ready to do anything possible to aid in preventing the bringing of the disease to Richmond.

the disease to Richmond.

"Yellow-fever is a germ disease," said Dr. Oppenhimer. "Filth is a-great source of infection. It has little show in a clean city. The health of Richmond has not city. The health of Richmond has not been better at this season in years. The importance of keeping premises clean and in a thorough sanitary condition cannot possible be too deeply impressed."

Dr. Oppenhimer thought a quarantine an enormous expense. It is difficult to make an inland quarantine effective. It is not advisable to have a quarantine unless chapters are recessing, as a great less.

is not advisable to have a quarantine un-less absolutely necessary, as a great loss to business is always the result. Dr. Op-penhimer read a telegram from the pres-ident of the Newport News Board of Health stating that Newport News was quaranting rigidly against Hampton and other points; that there was abso-lutely no danger of the infection being communicated to Richmond from Newcommunicated to Bichmond from New-port News, and beseeching this city not to declare a quarantine against that city. or. Oppenhimer did not think it neces sary to declare such a quarantine. stated that he had wired the presiden of the Newport News Board of Health and physicians at points along the Chesa-peake and Ohio between that place and Richmond to keep him informed as to conditions, otherwise Richmond would

quarantine against them. TAKE EVERY PRECAUTION. Dr. Stuart McGuire, of the Sanitary and Health Committee of the Chamber of Commerce, said he was a doctor, and not a sanitary expert, but that he was a firm believer in the efficacy of a quaran ine and the necessity of the city being

Mr. T. Roberts Baker, of the Chamber ommittee, said he had no suggestions to

Committee, said he had no suggestions to make, but thought every necessary means should be adopted to prevent the spread of the disease to this city.

Mr. Thomas L. Moore, chairman of the Chamber Committee, said as businessmen, the Chamber, he felt sure, disliked the idea of suggestions, but that the e idea of quarantining, but that the body was willing to aid the health offi-cers of the city in anything they might decide upon as necessary to keep yellowever out of Richmond

The members of the Chamber of Com merce Committee present were Messrs. Moore, Hutzler, Alfriend, Baker, and Dr. Stuart McGuire.

EXCURSIONS DECLARED OFF. The development of the fever at Hamp-ton will have the effect of putting an end, temporarily, at least, to the un-usually large number of excursions which have been run from this city to points in the infected district. The number of copie who have gone from Richmond to seashore every week this summer has been far greater than ever before in the history of the city. But the faces of excursionists will now be turned in other directions than toward old Point and Buckroe Beach, at any rate. Norfolk, Ocean View, and Virginia Beach are not in the quarantine area, though a gentleman from Norfolk last night stated that people were leaving that city stated that people were leaving that city been far greater than ever tated that people were leaving that city and neighboring shore reserts in large Two excursions to Old Point advertised for this week, have been in lefinitely postponed. A negro excursion was run to Williamsburg yesterday.

# PRECAUTIONS AT NORFOLK.

Mayor Johnston Tells the Dispatch of Them-No Tickets vin C. & O.

Though there is a feeling in Richmond that Norfolk is likely to be visited by the fever and many residents of that city are getting away as rapidly as they can, there really seems little likelihood of the

Mayor C. Brooks Johnston, of Norfolk, telephoned the Dispatch yesterday that every possible precaution had been taken to prevent the disease reaching that city. "It is my opinion," said the Mayor, "and the opinion of the boards of health of Norfolk and Portsmouth, and of the citi-Norfolk and Portsmouth, and of the citizens who passed through the great epidemic of 1855, that the disease will be con fined to the Soldiers' Home at Hampton do not think a case will be hear irginia outside the walls of the Soldiers'

Home. QUARANTINE DECLARED. "We have taken every precaution, Mayor continued. "At 3:30 o'clock this morning a quarantine was declared against Hampton, Phoebus, Old Point, and Newport News. Two tugs were at once sent out to prevent persons coming to Norfolk from these points, and a little later five more guard-boats were on duty. In addition to this there is now a coastguard on duty. The State Quarantine Board, the boards of health of Norfolk and Portsmouth, and the Streets and Drainage Committee were in joint session to-day, and measures looking to the the rough cleaning and disinfecting of the city and the maintenance of a rigid quar-antine were adopted. I think Norfolk is perfectly safe. We will try to keep it so.

NO TICKETS VIA C. & O. It is now impossible to reach Norfolk by way of Newport News, as the Chesapeake and Ohio last night gave notice that no more tickets would be sold to former city. It seems that Norfolk at first did not quarantine against passengers landing from Newport News pro-vided they had tickets from points be yond that city, but later nobody was al-lowed to come on the wharf from the Chesapeake and Ohlo steamer, which is

now tied up at her dock in Norfolk.

The steamer Pocahontas left Richmond for Norfolk at 7 o'clock yesterday morning, before the news of the quarantiae against Old Point, a regular stopping place, was received here. She was not al-lowed to land.

RICHMOND PEOPLE ESCAPE. Hundreds of Richmond people were at Old Point Sunday. Most of them left there at 7 o'clock Sunday night without having received the faintest hint that the scourge was only three miles from them. It seems that some few of the excursionists received an intimation that yellow-fever had broken out.

Many colored teachers of Richmond attending the summer normal school at Hampton came home Sunday. Others came in large numbers on a train which left Hampton at \$;30 o'clock yesterday morning, reaching here at 11:45.

Miss Mary Carper, of Gala Water, Bote-teurt county, who was visiting in Hamptour tounty, who was visiting in Hamp-ton, came up to Richmond on the morn-ing train yesterday, and will spend a few days with Mrs. J. Walter Parkins, at No. 912 east Marshall street. "I was afraid of the disease." said Miss Carper to a Dispatch writer. "Everybody in Hampton was frightened. I could not help being-Oh, the crowd at the depot! The ticket seller was worked to death. Lots of people got on the train without tickets. Pl ty of men and women wanted to come with us but couldn't, and the station platform was black with people when our train pulled out. We did not stop at New-port News."

#### CROWDS COME TO RICHMOND. A Special Train from Old Point Brings Mnny Refugees.

Richmond hotels were crowded last night with refugees from Old Point. The last train from that place reached

here at 10:50 o'clock last night. It was run by permission of the health officers of this city, and was not allowed to stop at Phoebus or Hampton. Indeed, the only stops made were at water tanks. Large crowds met the train at the sta-tion, many Richmond people being among

the passengers. The regular Chesapeake and Ohio train which reaches here at 6:50 o'clock was run in two sections. The sued a call for a meeting early yester- The train from Old Point brought nearly steamers of the lines touching Old Point untion in hand. Late Saturday Dr. day morning, and also invited the Health 500 people. A happy lot they were when will be allowed to deposit freight at the Wyman received a telegram from Surgeon

GLAD TO GET AWAY. "You bet we were glad to see that train back into the station at Old Point to-night," said Mr. O. Sewset, of Atlanta, at Murphy's last night. "We had known since I o'clock that it was coming. There since I o'clock that it was coming. were 300 or 400 people at the depot when it backed down, and we got aboard in a

"There was not what I should call a panic at the hotels," he said, "but we all wanted to get away. I think the great trouble there is the lack of supplies. hurry, I tell you. Those people are going to run short of food. We lacked some things at the Chamberlin to-day which we would have had had there been no quarantine.
"I understand a transport has been or-

dered to Fort Monroe to-morrow to take

away the garrison Wednesday. A ser-geant and ten men will be left in charge It was said there was one case in the fort. I do not know whether it is true. "Mr. Robert Cecil Osburn, of New York, came to the Jefferson last night from Old Point. I am glad to be out of it, he said. 'We were not so much frightened, but the idea of being cut off from the rest of the world like we were in a penal settlement was terrible. That train got a rousing cheef when it backed down to the depot to-night. We were never so glad to see a train before."

THE SURGEON'S REPORT. A gentleman who came in on this train said last night he saw a telegram from a Marine Hospital surgeon to the Surgeon-General late yesterday afternoon, in which it was stated that there were then the training of the same o "thirty-seven cases at the home eath to-day. One new case. Condition

Mr. John D. Potts, district passenger agent of the Chesapeake and Ohio, re-ceived a telegram from Colonel Woodfin of the Soldiers' Home, last night, stating that there were thirty cases at the home that there had been six deaths, and that there were no new cases yesterday, and no deaths. WENT THROUGH THE HOME.

A Richmond man was in Hampton Frilay, and was taken through the home by Colonel Woodfin, even visiting the hospi-tal. The gentleman is not feeling particu-

larly comfortable just at present It is a fact, however, that Richmond people are not frightened. It is not be-lieved the contagion is potent in this lo-cality. The fact is recalled that though Richmond quarantined against Norfolk during the epidemic there in 1855, the quarantine was raised in afew days, and the citizens of the stricken city invited to flee to Richmond, it having been deonstrated that the disease was not contagious here. About sixty orphan children, who had been exposed to the contagion, were brought here, and taken to the basement of Christ church. They were nursed by young men from the Christian Association and others, and though many of the little things died in their nurses' arms, not one of the latter contracted the

CALLING THEM HOME.

Many telegroms were sent last night by Richmond people who have relatives or friends at Old Point, Buckroe Beach, friends at Old Point, Buckroe Beats, Norfolk, and other places in that vicinity, advising them to leave at once. At the Western Union office about 20 messages of this nature had been received up to midnight, and at the Postal Telegraph Company's office about half that number LITTLE DANGER FOR RICHMOND.

Dr. William H. Taylor, the State ist, said last night he thought the chances of the yellow-fever spreading to Rich-mond were somewhat remote. The city mond were somewhat remote. The city has been regarded hitherto as proof against the disease, and in the epidemic of yellow-fever which raged in Norfolk in 1855 Richmond threw open her gates to the refugees. At that time it is worthy of note that no Richmond people took the disease, though Norfolk people who came here contracted it after their cardyal and died from it. Confitting arrival, and died from it. have changed since then, Dr. Taylor says,

IN PETERSBURG.

caution to Be Taken, PETERSBURG, VA., July 31.—(Special.) taking every measure to prevent a staking every measure to the outers here, which is the staking every measure to the outers here, which is the staking every measure to the outers here, which is the staking every measure to prevent a staking every measure to PETERSBURG, VA., July 31.-(Special.) ton reached here last night by telephone from his Excellency, Governor Tyler, who had been called up for information on another matter. Great surprise and great regret are expressed at the appearance of the dread disease in Viginia, and the of the dread disecase in Viginia, and the authorities here have taken the promptest and most positive measures to prevent its introduction into this city. Inas-much, however, as Richmond, Norfolk, and Newport News have established strict quarantine against Hampton and vicinity, Board of Health has not as yet de cided it necessary for Petersburg to do so. The strictest watch will be kept for any spread of the disease, and action taken accordingly. Petersburg gave asylum to many families of the cities by the sea during the yellow-fever epidemic in Normany years ago, and suffered very

#### little by it. SUFFOLK QUARANTINES. A Party of Refugees Prevented from Landing.

SUFFOLK, VA., July 31.-(Special.)-The Town Council held a special meeting to-day, and established a quarantine against Hampton Soldiers' Home, Old Point, Phoebus, Hampton, Newport News, and vicinity. Special policemen have been sworn in, and a tug-boat is guarding the river. Late this afternoon, before the guard had been stationed, a tug-boat, having on board a lot of re-fuges from old Point, arrived here, and was about to land when the town an was about to land, when the town authorities refused to allow it, and the hoat put back down the river. A special meet-ing of the Board of Supervisors of Nansemond county has been called for to-mor-row to take action to prevent parties. from landing in the lower sections of the

#### county. BALTIMORE JOINS QUARANTINE, But Has No Fear That the Disease Will Spread.

BALTIMORE, MD., July 31 .- (Special.)-

Baltimore has joined in the quarantine against Old Point Comfort. The reports against Old Point Comfort. The reports of thirty-three cases of yellow-fever at Hampton Soldiers' Home caused several conferences to-day between Health-Com-missioner Jones and Surgeon-General Wyman, of the Marine Hospital Service. Dr. Wyman advised that precautionary Dr. Wyman advised that precautionary no communication of the inmates with measures be taken at once, and the local any Cuban solders returned since last health officials effected an agreement with May or early in June. With the discovery the various steamboat lines plying between here and the points on Hampton Roads whereby none of the vessels will Roads whereby none of the vessels will be no doubt, he says, about the disease receive either passengers or freight for being yellow-fever, and continues:

Baltimore. It was reported that 250 passels will be no doubt, he says, about the disease being yellow-fever, and continues:

"I have advised Major Vickery to its freedom from the fever has been re-ceived. As soon, however, as the health ease in the home." and Onio train which reaches here at 6.50 o'clock was run in two sections. The first carried 150 passengers; the second about 200. All came from Newport News.

The train from Old Point brought nearly steamers of the lines touching Old Point touching old Point touching Old Point will be allowed that the steamers of the lines touching Old Point on the steamers of the lines touching Old Point until the manner in the nome. Some date furnished by the Surgeon-General shows the prompt manner in which the authorities have taken the situation in hand. Late Saturday Dr.

and Sanitary Committee of the Chamber of Commerce to send a representative to the meeting, which invitation was accepted.

DR. OPPENHIMER'S VIEW.

Dr. Oppenhimer made a lengthy statement, at the request of the committee.

Dr. Oppenhimer made a lengthy statement, at the request of the committee.

no arrivals this morning.

Two French sailors were reported to the Health Department here Saturday as suffering from yellow-fever in a house in the eastern section of the city. They were removed to a hospital, where an investigation proved their cases to be interesting to the control of the city. investigation proved their cases to be intermittent-fever.

### LITTLE DANGER AT NEW YORK.

Old Dominion Line and Pennsylvania R. R. Promise Precautions. NEW YORK, July 31.-Health-Officer Doty said to-day that in his opinion there

was little danger of yellow-fever reaching this city by any of the steamship lines. He has not established a quarantine, he said, but had requested the of-ficials of the Old Dominion Line, whose vessels touch at Old Point Comfort, to exercise every precaution to prevent the sale of tickets to persons who have been exposed to the disease. The company had agreed, he said, to obey his request, and he did not believe that it would be

necessary to declare a quarantine.

Aside from the sea route, the onty other direct way in which Newport News can reach this city is by the Pennsyl-vania railroad. The officials of the Pennsylvania road took steps to-day to pre-vent the disease from spreading by pro-hibiting the sale of tickets from Newport News, and promised that no north-bound tickets would be sold from Newpor

# AN OFFICIAL STATEMENT.

Colonel Woodfin Sends Out Cheering Words.

NORFOLK, VA., July 31 .- (Special.)-"I believe the outbreak of yellow-fever in the Soldiers' Home is under control. The disease is here in very mild form, There were to-day no new cases and no deaths. There is not half the excitement inside the home that there is on the outside Many of the thirty patients now under treatment are about to be discharged."

This was the official statement the honed your correspondent to-night by olonel P. T. Woodin, governor of the National Soldiers' Home at Hampton, It has done more to reassure the peop than any other statement yet given out

Speaking of the excursions that were at the home the day the disease was vered, Governor Woodfin declared that the excursionists did not mingle with the inmates of the Home, and he does not believe they became infected, nor that there is any danger from that source,

#### REMOVAL OF FT. MONROE TROOPS. They Will Be Taken to Battery Point on the Delaware.

NEW YORK, July 31 .- General Merritt, mmanding the Department of the East, United States army, said to-day that he was making arrangements to transfer the garrison at Fort Monroe, with the exception of about twenty men and two officers, all immune, to Battery Point, at the mouth of the Delaware river

## \$10,000 Appropriated.

NEWPORT NEWS, July 31.—The City Gouncil to-night appropriated \$10,000 for immediate use in maintaining the quar-

LATEST OFFICIAL ADVICES. Cases Put at Thirty-Seven-A Hopeful View.

(By Associated Press.) WASHINGTON, July 31.-The latest official advices received up to 8 o'clock to-night show a total of thirty-seven cases and seven deaths from yellowfever at the Soldiers' Home, at Hampton, Va. One new case occurred at the home to-day. Thus far the disease has been confined to the home, but all surrounding towns are excited and a vigorous quarantine is being maintained. ous quarantine is being maintained. Dr. Wasdin, of the Marine Hospital Serand is working in co-operation with the local boards of health. He has strengthened the cordon about the town of Phoe- be removed to Columbus. O. bus, which he reports is in a very bad sanitary condition. The fact that these of Mrs. Sprague's fat Surprise and Regret-Necessary Preencouraging to the officials here, who are

tine officers throughout the United States asking whether they shall impo maritime quarantine against Norfolk.

He has replied that there appears to be
no necessity for such restriction in the
case of either Norfolk or Newport News. Dr. Wasdin's official report of his ex-amination of existing conditions at the Soldiers' Home reached Dr. Wyman today, It is dated yesterday, and notes the fact that the Doctor has seen all the cases of suspected disease at the home. He sums up the history of the contagion as

follows: "Early in July an 'old soldier' entered the home for a short rest, and soon af-terward appeared at the dispensary, where he informed the physician in where he informed the physician in charge that he was but recently from Santiago, via a transport to a northern port; thence he started for Manila via San Francisco; beat his way to the home on a freight train, and entered with his baggage. He complained of dumb chills and fever and was prescribed for. Fe mingled freely with the inmates of the bares, and a short time ago disappeared. home, and a short time ago disappeared. From this as a possible cause the out-

break is as follows:

"Preceding Friday, the 2ist instant, there had been nothing of a suspicious nature, the weekly death-rate was as usual, but on the 21st and 22d there became ill during the right, with sharp, more or less 22d there became Ill during the night, with sharp, more or less chill, and high fever, some eight or ten immates, men usually in good health. These seizures, although noted as peculiar, had occasioned no alarm until about Thursday, the 27th, when a death occurred, the man becoming distinctly yellow some time prior to death. On or about the same day another one died, without having attracted particular attention. He also turned quite yellow. Autopsies were held on both by the resident physician, It was then, or a little later, that the telegram was sent you asking for an expert. I found that thirty-five inmates had been taken ill since the list."

WHY NOT POSITIVE. Dr. Wasdin says he withheld a positive diagnosis in his first communication because of the assertion of Surgeon Vick-ery, at the home, that there had been

of the probable origin of the infection and the two autopsies to-day there can

sengers desirous of coming to Baltimore empty the dormitories infected at once, were left at Old Point last night. By this arrangement Norfolk, which is also quarrangement Norfolk, which is also quarrangement has been a grounds are closed. There has been a antined against the infected districts, is left open, and the southern trade not blocked. Both passengers and freight a public house near the grounds having blocked. Both passengers and will be carried between the points. Little been freely visited until last lagor, will be carried between that the discusse will spread, as it is believed that or more of the local board of Phoebus, and informing them of the state of attack the measures taken by the Marine Hosthe measures taken by the Marine Hospital Service will be of such a vigorous
fairs, ask their co-operation in watchnature as to confine the scourge to the
Soldiers' Home. Newport News is also
under the ban, as no official assurance of

people outside the village. From this fact
people outside the village. From this fact it would seem possible to confine the dis-

Vickery at the home, asking for an expert. Dr. Wassiin was ordered there from Norfolk at once, and last night a dispatch came from him, announcing that the disease was genuine yellow-fover. ton to take charge of Marine Hospital affairs. He has had large experience to keep them under close observation patches to this effect were sent Sunday to Norfolk, Portsmouth, Newport News Richmond, and the health officer at Washington was notified. In Norfolk a Dr. Farquhar was appointed adjoining town of Berkley and assist in the home, has been asked to prelist of soldiers who have departed with a month with a view to tracing Surgeon Von Esdorff from New Orlean to Hampton. Passed-Assistant-Surge-Smith, who is now on leave, has been rected to return to Norfolk. Surgeof Both of these last-named have had large experience in quaranting matters. Surgeon Pettus, In the Cape Charles quarantine, has been ordered to assign his assistant, Surgeon McClintock, to temporary charge, and to remain on duty himself at Old Point,

### RAILROAD BUSINESS BRISK.

President Williams Reports an Encournging Condition of Affairs. Mr. John Skelton Williams is back in

the city after hurried business trips to Norfolk and New York. He says business of the railroad lines of w he is president is increasing rapid big order for cars h placed with the shops at Am-The work on the link to connect board system with the Flori

and Peninsular at Columbia, S. The companies h advanced. session of Sidney Park, in C Mr. Kenefeck, who is the manager to the general contractors for the of the Richmond, Petersburg a ina road, is in Richmond. that the work is progressing satisfactory manner all along the route The Georgia and Alabama which is to form a link of the

deen-water facilities at Savannah

inson Island is now being construclong, encircling Hatchinson been about three-fourths completed It is now thought the to use the survey which has been p tically completed between Augusta Charleston. The fact that the latter voy passes several of the plants of Virginia-Carolina Chemical Comparegarded as significant. Men p Men pron also identified with the Chemical pany, and it now seems probable two big enterprises will be dove-talled a manner that will assist in the grow-

MRS. KATE CHASE SPRAGUE DEAD, Funeral To-Morrow-Interment to Re

and development of each.

at Columbus, 0. WASHINGTON, July 31.—Mrs. Ka Chase Sprague, wife of a former Govern or Rhode Island, and the daughter of the late Salmon P. Chase, Governor o United States senator, and Chief of the Supreme Court of the United States, died at her homestead, "Edge wood," in Washington's suburbs, early ment only ten days ago. She grew ly worse, and the end came utes after 3 o'clock this morning. At 1 bedside were her three daughters.

Kity Sprague, who lived with
mother; Miss Portia Sprague, of Ne gansett Pier, and Mrs. Danaldson,
Brocklyn, N. Y.

The funeral services will be held Wed will be deposited temporarily in a van in Glenwood Cemetery, this city, later

Death of Henry Byland Crane. BALTIMORE, MD., July St.—(Spachal) -Henry Ryland Crane died yesterday at his home, 242 west Hoffman street. Death was due to a compileration of discount was due to a complication of disca resulted from an illness of the

weeks. Mr. Crane was born in Richmond, and served through the last three years of war with the Second Company of R mond Howitzers. At the time of his death he was secretary of the Maryland Lafe-Insurance Company, which post he had held for the past six years. was prominent in the Baptist church hers and was a member of the Oratorio Soclety. A widow, who was Miss Clara-Merryman, of Baltimore county, and four daughters survive him. The funeral will take place to-morrow.

Committee Meetings. The Committee on Police was called to meet yesterday afternoon, but only Messrs. Seay and Shea were present and in the absence of a quorum no business could be transacted. An effort will be made to get a meeting at 10 o'clock this

The Committee on Accounts and Printmorning. The Committee on Accounts and Fing met yesterday afternoon, Mess West, Pergusson, and Lawder presonal routine business was transacted. The Council Committee on Light wimeet at 6:30 o'clock this evening. Common Council will meet at 8 o'clock consider the proposed appropriation for the gas-works. The Committees on C. teries and First Market will meet at \$

Danville Tobacco Sales DANVILLE, VA., July 31.—(Special) Leaf-tobacco sales for July, 1839, pages gated 1,596,608, a decrease of 133,110 points compared with July, 1898. The sale ten months aggregate 42,46,125 poinds, a decrease of 1,665,170 pounds compared with the same period of the previous year.

San Francisco.-The Nebraska regime and the Utah Artillery landed from the transport Hancock, and murched to the Presidio, where they went into camp, preparatory to being mustered out. An in mense crowd of people lined the ttrack and enthusiastically cheered

Malone, N. Y .- Fire at Tupper Lake de stroyed 169 buildings and nearly wiped out the town. Loss, \$150,000.

there can

Capt. W. H. Dunlap, Chattanooga Tenn., says: "Several years ago boils and carbuncles appeared upon me to an alarming extent, causing me great trouble and pain. Physicians' treatment did not seem to avail, and finally I decided to give S.S.S. a trial. I improved at once, and after taking six bottles, the boils and carbuncles disappeared entirely.

S.S.S.For Blood (Swift's Specific) is the only blood rem-

edy guaranteed purely vegetable; it forces out every trace of impure blood, and cures cases that no other remedy can touch. Valuable books mailed free by Swift Specific Co., Atlanta, Ga.